Environment



Benchmark:

Trees on City Property will be Systematically and Pro-Actively Maintained.



Indicator 23

Care and Maintenance of the City's Urban Forest, 1998-2008

As of 2008, Lincoln's city trees provided an estimated \$1.58 return in economic & environmental benefits for every \$1.00 expended to plant & maintain them for a total net benefit of \$2,190,729.

Trees on City property, including street right-of-way, are maintained by the City Parks & Recreation Department, Community Forestry Division. Public trees, as well as private trees, have been shown to have environmental and economic benefits.

As of 2008, there are an estimated 123,304 trees on public land in the City of Lincoln valued at over \$64 million.

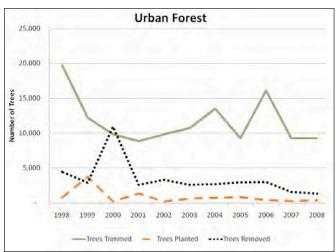
- In general, more trees are currently removed from public property than are planted. Trees are removed if dead, damaged or diseased beyond treatment, or if they become a hazard to life or property.
- ♦ A large number of trees were either removed or trimmed in fiscal year 1997-1998 due to an early and heavy snowfall in October 1997 that caused much tree damage.
- ♦ In 1999-2000, over 8,000 volunteer cedar and locust trees were removed from the Wilderness Park Tree Management Area.
- ♦ In 2008, per capita expenditures for public tree care were \$5.59. In 1998, per capita expenditures were \$4.49, or \$5.55 when adjusted for inflation.
- Since 1998, the Community Forestry Division has performed or overseen 128,459 tree trimmings, 9,496 tree plantings, and the removal of 38,728 volunteer, dead, diseased or hazardous trees.
- As of 2008, there are an estimated 123,304 (valued at over \$64 million) trees on public land in the City of Lincoln compared to an estimated 112,651 in 2004 showing an increase of about 9.5 percent.
- Lincoln has been designated as a Tree City USA for 32 years, received the Tree City Growth Award for 18 consecutive years, and was one of the first 27 communities to become a Sterling Tree City USA in 2000. In 2008, the UNL campus became a Tree Campus USA. Currently, Lincoln is the only community nationwide to concurrently have all such designations.

Definitions:

- Street trees are trees that are planted in the public right-of-way along public streets and on private streets.
- Street trees are most often planted by the developer of a subdivision and public street trees are maintained by the City Parks & Recreation Department, Community Forestry Division.
- Per capita cost is figured by dividing the actual annual expended Community Forestry Division budget by the July 1 US Census population estimate for Lincoln for that year.

Sources:

Parks and Recreation
Department,
Community Forestry
Division, Quarterly
Reports and 30 year
synopsis



Note: These numbers reflect trees removed or replaced by the Forestry Section and the Capital Improvement Program (CIP) budget.